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APPLICATION NO:	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/396,238	09/15/1999	YUSUKE NAKAZAWA	JG-NG-4893	7148
26418	7590 09/18/2002			
REED SMITH, LLP ATTN: PATENT RECORDS DEPARTMENT 599 LEXINGTON AVENUE, 29TH FLOOR			EXAMINER	
			FUNK, STEPHEN R	
NEW YORK, NY 10022-7650			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

2854

DATE MAILED: 09/18/2002



Nakazawa et al.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/396,238

Applicant(s)

Examiner

Stephen Funk

Art Unit 2854

	Otophieli i ulik	2004
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the corres	pondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS S THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CEP 1 128 (a)		
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a) mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply with If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will ap Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cau Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	nin the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be ply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailin se the application to become ABANDONED (35.1) S	considered timely. g date of this communication. C 5 1331
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Aug 6,</u>	2002	
2a) \square This action is FINAL . 2b) \boxtimes This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowand closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex</i>	e except for formal matters, prosec parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 (cution as to the merits is O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1, 2, and 4-17</u>	is/are	pending in the application.
4a) Of the above, claim(s)		
5)		
6) 🗓 Claim(s) <u>1, 2, and 4-17</u>		
7) Claim(s)	·	s/are objected to.
8) Claims	are subject to restric	tion and/or election requirement.
Application Papers		,
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	•	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a	are a) \square accepted or b) \square objected	d to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
11) \square The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved	b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	y to this Office action.	
12) \square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) 🗓 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-	(d) or (f).
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of:		
1. X Certified copies of the priority documents h		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents h		
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bu *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	this National Stage
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domest		1
a) The translation of the foreign language provisio		1.
$ 5 angle\Box$ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domest		and/or 121
ttachment(s)	, 2014, 201400 00 010101 33 120	U
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No	o(s)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (P	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:	

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Claims 1, 2, and 4 - 17 are objected to under 37 C.F.R. 1.75(a) as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1 lines 6 - 8 "using a device for fixing the image" and "fixing the oil-based ink image by heating" would appear to be repetitive.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, and 5 - 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. (JP 10-204,355) in view of Ishii et al. (JP 10-203,039) and Love, III (US 4,718,340). Kato et al. teach the method as recited with possible exception of the hydrophilic layer and imaging the printing plate in press. Note, for example, the English Abstract and Figures 1 - 3 of Kato et al. With respect to the electroscopic particles see paragraphs [0014] and [0059] - [0061] and claim 2 of Kato et al. With respect to fixing the image by heat see paragraph [0099] of Kato et al. Kato et al. appear to teach having to desensitize the image receiving layer to impart hydrophilicity. Ishii et al. teach the conventionality of either providing a hydrophilic layer or, if necessary, desensitizing the image receiving layer to impart greater hydrophilicity. See pages 26 - 27 in applicant's substitute specification. Love teaches

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bridging columns 11 and 12, and column 21 lines 13 - 37 of Love, for example. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al. with a hydrophilic image receiving layer in view of Ishii et al. to forego the desensitizing step and imaging the plate in press in view of Love to achieve the many benefits of directly imaging the plate in press. With respect to claim 7 it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al. with a full line head as disclosed by Love to achieve faster imaging of the plate.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. in view of Ishii et al. and Love as applied to claims 1, 2, and 5 - 7 above, and further in view of Masaaki (JP 58-147,373). Masaaki teaches the conventionality of a means for removing dust from a recording medium before imaging. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al., as modified by Ishii et al. and Love, with the step of removing dust before imaging in view of Masaaki so as to prevent dust from interfering with the deposition of ink onto the plate.

Claims 8 - 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. in view of Ishii et al. and Love as applied to claims 1, 2, and 5 - 7 above, and further in view of Arway et al. (US 4,555,712). Arway et al. teach the conventionality of a means (22) for supplying ink, means (26) for recovering ink, means (40) for controlling the temperature of ink, and means (44) for controlling a concentration of ink for an ink jet print head. See

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one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al., as modified by Ishii et al. and Love, with various means for controlling the ink inside the tank in view of Arway et al. so as to provide ink to the head in an optimum condition.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. in view of Ishii et al. and Love as applied to claims 1, 2, and 5 - 7 above, and further in view of Ikkatai (US 5,363,132). Ikkatai teaches the desirability of means for moving the head near or away from a recording medium. See columns 1 and 2 of Ikkatai, for example. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al., as modified by Ishii et al. and Love, with the step of moving the head near or away in view of Ikkatai so as to protect the head from contaminants when not imaging.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. in view of Ishii et al. and Love as applied to claims 1, 2, and 5 - 7 above, and further in view of Gasparrini (US 5,322,015). Gasparrini teaches the desirability of removing dust during printing. See the paragraph bridging columns 5 and 6 of Gasparrini, for example. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al., as modified by Ishii et al. and Love, with the step of removing dust during printing in view of Gasparrini so as to reduce contamination of the printing cylinders.

Claims 12 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. in view of Love as applied to claims 1 2 and 5 - 7 above and further in view of Miura

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et al. (US 5,988,782). Miura et al. teach the conventionality of stirring the ink within a tank and cleaning the ink jet head. See the Abstract and column 17 line 1 of Miura et al., for example. Note also paragraph [0107] of Kato et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the method of Kato et al., as modified by Ishii et al. and Love, with a means for stirring the ink and means for cleaning the head in view of Miura et al. so as to provide a consistent ink composition to the head and remove contaminants from the head.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Funk at telephone number (703) 308-0982. The examiner can normally be reached Monday - Friday, except Wednesdays, from 7:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Hirshfeld, can be reached at (703) 305-6619.

The fax number for *official* papers is (703) 308-7722, 7724. The fax number for those wishing an auto-reply verifying receipt of *official* papers is (703) 872-9318 or for After-Final actions is (703) 872-9319. Upon consulting with the examiner *unofficial* papers only may be faxed directly to the examiner.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist at telephone number (703) 308-0956.

Stephen Funk September 13, 2002

STEPHEN R. FUNK

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